MRS. GOUGAR BARRED OUT.

THE INDIANA WOMAN PROTESTED AGAINST AN OBNOXIOUS ORDER.

A LITTLE WARCLOUD AT THE FEMININE END OF THE WORLD'S FAIR-SUNDAY CLOS-ING PROSPECTS NOT BRIGHT-MR. THOMAS HAS NOT RESIGNED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.] Chicago, May 19.-President Bonney had a lively time with some of the leading members of the Woman's Congress this morning. His first caller was Mrs. Demorest, of New-York, who protested against the alleged boycotting of Mrs. Helen M. Gougar. he had a session with Mrs. Henrotin, the vice president; Mrs. Avery, the secretary, and Mrs. May wright Sewall. There was some spirited talk, and for a time it looked as if it would lead to a diruption of the work of the congress. The first sign of appeared when the official programme was pub-4 and it was found that Mrs. Gougar's name been omitted. This, of itself, was interpreted terday when, it is asserted, an order was issued Mrs. May Wright Sewall to the presidents of all the meetings, instructing them to exclude Mrs. Gougar from participation in the speecamaking. Mrs. Gougar heard of the alleged order this morning and started on the warpath. She first sought Rachel Foster Avery and inquired if the report was oder had been made, but she was not quite sure investigation Mrs. Gougar asserts that Mrs. Sewall issued the mandate on her own responsibility and that it was dictated by personal spite. In telling the story this afternoon, Mrs. Gougar said that May Wright Sewall and herself are bitter personal ene-mies, having fallen out over Prohibition work in she also said that the result of President nney's mediation was an appeal to her to remain

After a stormy scene in the president's office Mrs. Henrotin sent the boycotted woman the following

My Dear Mrs. Gougar: It has been reported to me that an order was issued discriminating against you as a speaker in the congress of representative women. No such order was ever issued by the committee in charge of the arrangements for a congress of representative women or by the Board of Organization, over which I have the honor of presiding.

Mrs. Sewall left here for the West at noon, but declared that her departure was not caused by the morning's trouble; she was going to keep some le ture engagements. She would not discuss the matter at all, further than to intimate that she did not issue the obnoxious order. It is evident that Mrs

Gougar thinks differently.

The Rev. Ida C. Hultin, of Moline, presided over and delivered the address of welcome at the opening of the combined Congress of the National Alliance of Unitarian and other liberal Christian women, the Women's Western Unitarian Conference and the Women's Unitarian Conference of the Pacific Coast. Mrs. B. Ward Dix, of Brooklyn, responded to the address of welcome, and addresses relating to Unitarian Church work were made by Mrs. E. E. Eastman, of San Francisco; Emily Fifield, of Boston, and several others. In the Congress of the Non-Partisan National Women's Christian Temperance Union the principal addresses were delivered by Mrs. J. Ellen For ter, Mrs. Florence E. Porter, of Maine, and Mrs. Davidson, of Ohio. The National Women's Relief Soclety was presided over by Mrs. De Young. Half a dozen papers were presented on subjects varying from "The Pioneer Women of Utah" to amusements of early days. Between each paper the women sang

Mrs. Letitia Green Stevenson, wife of Vice-President Stevenson, presided over the Congress of Daughters of the American Revolution. Fapers on a number of patriotic subjects were presented. The International Council of Women held an executive session which occupied the morning. In the afternoon epresentative women from Denmark, France and Greece were introduced, and gave greetings from their countries. Helen E. Starrett presided over the con-vention of the National Columbian Household Economic Association, which was one of the most in-teresting of the many gatherings of the morning. Some of the delegates told of their troubles with mestic servants; others told of their good fortune in retaining competent help. A score or more of ideas regarding co-operative housekeeping were then entilated and Mrs. Emma P. Ewing gave a practical ustration of breadmaking as a fine art. There was the usual crush at the doors of the Art

Palace this morning and many of the halls were so overcrowded, even in advance of the proceedings, that it was found necessary to close the doors. The convention in the Hall of Washington was given up Mrs. M. Louise Thomas presided. paper on "Woman's Contribution to the Applied Arts" as presented by Florence Elizabeth Corey, of New-York, and an animated discussion followed, which was participated in by Emily Sartain, of Philadelphia, and M. B. Alling, of New-York. Luella E. miler, of New-York, rend an exhaustive treatise on the trades and professions underlying the home, and Mrs. Ernest Hart, of England; Helena T. Goessman, of Massachusetts; Laura S. Wilkinson, president of the National Columbian Household

omic Association, and several others followed with brief remarks on the same topic. Louise McLaughlin, of Ohio, then took up the subject of pottery in the household, reading a paper, which was listened to with interest throughout.

Universal peace between nations occupied the attention of the assemblage in the Hall of Columbus turing the morning session. Minnie D. Lewis presided. The Rev. Amanda Deyo, of Pennsylvania, read a paper on "Woman's War for Peace," and interesting ad'resses upon the same subject were de-livered by Nico Beckmeyer, representative of De San-tede Kbinbeforenigen, of Denmark, and Lizzie Kirkpatrick, of Canada. Religious matters in general were discussed at the

conventions in other halls. Alice May Scudder, of New-Jersey spoke for the Christian Endeavor; Julia Ward Howe for the Women's Ministerial Conference; Mrs. E. A. Thayer for the Order of Melchisedek Lydia Louise Unger, of Pennsylvania, for the Reform Church; Louise A. Chapman, of Massachusetts, for the Union Maternal Association, and Mrs. O. A. Burgess, of Indiana, for the Women's Home Board of Missions. The prospects are not bright for the opening of the Exposition next Sunday, as provided for by the resolution of the local directory. The disposition of the directors is to obtain approval of the National Commission as to opening on account of the law which explicitly sets forth that no new rule adopted by the directory or any proposed change in another rule can become operative till such rule has been approved by the commission, which is vested with the power o modify any rule presented to it. Sunday opening comes as a new rule, or a change in the one adopted jointly by the commission and directory last October, so that the concurrence of the former body is neces sary before the gates can be legally opened next unday, no matter if the directory has voted to return the \$2,500,000 which it has received from United States Treasury in the form of souvenir half-

Before a quorum of the National Commission had gathered in the Commission Hall at neon to-day Chair man Massey, of the Judiciary Committee, announced that it was considering the proposed amendment to rules governing the opening of the Exposition Sunday, and he asked that the commission remain n sunday, and he asked that the commission remain a session until 3 o'clock this afternoon, so as to eceive the report of the committee and have it winted for action by the commission to-morrow. Commissioner Myers, of Kentucky, objected to any asty action being taken on such an important uestion, and moved to have the report made a special fder for Monday, and he was strengly backed by ther members.

asty action, and moved to have the reporting a guestion, and moved to have the report and a minority report from the commissioner Hundley, of Alabama, in resenting a Commissioner Hundley, of Committee for not reporteriucism of the Judiciary Committee for not reporting sooner, disclosed the fact that there would be ing sooner, disclosed the fact that there would be a majority and a minority report from the committee. There are five members of the committee mittee. There are five members of the committee mittee. There are five members which showed there are concurring in the rule presented by the will tavor concurring in the rule presented by the will tavor concurring in the rule presented by the suffectory providing for Sunday opening. There was directory providing for Sunday opening. The feeling was against voting on the Judiciary that the feeling was against voting on the Judiciary that the feeling was against voting on the Judiciary that the feeling was against voting on the Judiciary that the feeling was against voting on the Judiciary that the feeling was against voting on the Judiciary that the commission could be sure of a quorum. This sentiment is sufficiently accommissioner Myers's motion.

mission could be sure almost unanimous adoption found expression in the almost unanimous adoption of Commissioner Myers's motion.

The local Directors held a meeting this evening at which it was decided to close the Fair next Sunday in order to give the National Commission sufficient lime to take action on the new Sunday opening rule time to take action on the new Sunday opening rule which was submitted to that body to-day. While which was submitted to that body to-day. While the Local Directors are anxious to have the sanction the Local Directors are anxious to have the sanction of the National Commission in opening the Exposition on the first day of the week it was apparent iton on the first day of the week it was apparent that unless the courts interfere the great show will that unless the courts interfere the great show will that unless the courts interfere the great show will the commissioners may take.

Exposition officials and concessionaires have ceased Ermsbling about the weather now, being satisfied Ermsbling about the weather now, being satisfied Ermsbling about the weather now, being satisfied Ermsbling about the weather now and absence of fundy, on account of the wind and absence of fundy, on account of the wind and absence of sprinking carts. The visitors began to arrive on the Eronads early and in large number.

Theodore Thomas has not yet sent in his resignation as mutend director of the Fair, and will not thought the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raference and Control pand it in until the Board of Raferen

the disagreement between the National Commission and the Board of Local Directors. The majority of the members of the National Commission want Thomas to go, while the Local Board says he shall stay. The sixteen members of the Board of Regents will attend to decide between the two boards. Mr. There is was not at the Fair to-day. He is said to be affering with nervous prostration as a result of worry.

THE GOVERNMENT TO PAY THE BILLS. EXPENSES OF ENTERTAINING THE DUKE OF VERAGUA AND EULALIE TO BE MET BY THE NATION.

Washington, May 19.-The Government will pay all bills presented for the entertainment of the Duk of Veragua. This statement was made by Screinty Gresham this afternoon in answer to inquiries whether bills sent to the State Department for money expended in entertaining the Duke in Chicago would With reference to the fact that as the city of New-York had presented the freedom of the city to the Duke and defraved the expenses attend ing the visit of the Ducal party there, the municipolity and the citizens of Chicago, having also given the city's freedom to him, might be expected to do some while the Duke remained their guest. Gresham said he had no doubt that the of Chicago would do what might be reasonably ex-pected of them, but that he would pay all bills presented of them, but that he would pay an presented for the Duke's enterthinment. Congress authorized the Secretary of State to provide for the entertainment of the Duke of Veragua and his suite while in the United States, and, while no approwhile in the United States, and, while no appro-polation was made for that purpose, Serr try Gr Sum cannot overlook the expressed instructions of Con-gress in the matter. The Duke is the guest of the Nation, and as such all his needs and desires will be compiled with at the expense of the general Gov-ernment. As the Infanta Entalle also comes in the capacity of the Nation's guest, her entertainment will be provided for by the Government in all matters, ex-cept where cities or States voluntarily defray the ex-penses within their borders.

MRS. DOLL CONTRIBUTES TO THE LIBERTY BELL. Mrs. Anna C. Dole, wife of President Dole, of the Hawailan Republic, has written an antograph letter to Chairman McDowell, of the Columbian Liberty

to Chairman McDowell, of the Commonal Liberty Bell Committee, in which she says:
"I am heartily in sympathy with the objects of this enterprise. The words 'Liberty, Progress, Har-mony, Peace' are all grand words, which must inevitably, in the course of time, shake the world to its foundation, and I believe the Columbian Liberty Bell will help to tring that good time. I am glad to be identified with the enterprise. I have forwarded : package of metal to go into the composition of the bell, and I inclose to you a draft for \$10 as my con-tribution toward the making of the bell."

Notice is given by the committee that they cannot accept for fusing into the bell any more material, unless of great historic interest, but contributions of funds to pay for the bell, to be sent to the Liberty National Bank, New-York, and of copper and tin, th metals that the bell is dependent upon to give it tone and musical quality, will still be welcome. Swords, bayonets and implements used in war, to be made into the peace plough and pruning-hooks, will still be gladly received.

BAPTISTS WITHDRAW FROM THE CONGRESS

Chicago, May 19.-The Rev. Drs. Lawrence, Henson and Parker, the Committee of the Baptist Auxiliary of the Religious Congress of the World's Fair, have withdrawn drom the acceptance of the invitation to the Baptist denomination to participate in the Congress. The committee's action is taken in view of the determination of the directory to throw open the gates on Sunday. The committee believes that the Eaptist annual meetings to be held next week in Denver will approve the withdrawal.

A CALL FOR TROOPS TO KEEP THE GATES SHUT. Boston, May 19 .- At a full meeting of the First Presbyterian Church last night, the paster was author-

Presbyterian Church last night, the pastor was authorized to send the following telegram:

To President Grover Cleveland, Washington, D. C.

The First United Presbyterian Church of Boston, distrusting both Directory and Commissioners, appeals to you to suppress Chicago mullification with Jacksonian firmness, and to guard the gates next sabbath with troops if necessary.

A BOY'S PLAN TO PREVENT MURDER.

HE PLAYED A HARMONICA TO KEEP HIS IN-

SANE MOTHER FROM KILLING HER CHILDREN. In the course of a hearing at the Yorkville Police Court yesterday John Stiner, sixteen years old, of No. Court yesternay John Sindy, 564 First-ave., told a curious story of how by the in-fluence of music he had kept his mother from killing her children. It seems that the father of the lad is in the insane asylum on Ward's Island, and that until the last few months Mrs. Stiner had supported her family of four children by working in a cigar manufactory. The work, however, was such a strain upon her that she, too, became insane. The eldest ployment in a lewelry store, and POINDEXTER DUNN READY FOR BUSINESS-THE the money which he received was the sole support of the family. The mother began to fancy that her fehfidren had designs upon her life, and threatened to kill them to prevent them from harming her. John, who was obliged to be away all day, had fears for the life of his little brother and sisters.

After much thinking he lit upon a novel plan to keep her, he says, from carrying out her designs. was fond of music and he would play to her every evening and morning on the harmonica which he owned. She would promise to do enything he asked in return. Before leaving the house for his work in the morning he would promise to play for her in the evening on condition that she took good care of the children while he was gone. The plan was successful, but the neighbors learned of the condition of the family and sent word to Mr. Gerry's testety. If he mother was removed to Edlevue Hespital, and Justice McMahon committed the young children to the society for Befriending Young Girls.

Edwin Booth remains in the same condition as hitherto. The reports issuing from the Players' Club offer no new encouragement and no new ground for apprehension of

The work of preparation for the building of Abbey's Theatre at Broadway and Thirty-eighth-st. Is going on rapidly. Mr. Abbey still believes that he shall be able to open the house on Nevember 6, when Henry Irving will begin his New-York engagement.

The suit brought by John G. Bull against E. G. Gil-The suit brought by John G. Hull against E. G. On-more, manager of the Academy of Music, for assault was compromised yesterday by the payment of \$250. Mr. Bull was doorkeeper at the Madison Square Garden and was on duty there at the time the assault was alleged to have taken place. He sued Mr. Gilmore for \$2,000.

ENTERTAINMENTS FOR GRAND DUKE ALEXANDER. Washington, May 19.-The Grand Duke Alexander entertained by Mr. and Mrs. C. A. was to-day entertained by Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Williams with a trip to Mount Vernon on the United States revenue cutter Crawford. To-night the Grand Duke attended a dinner given in his honor by Mrs. Hitt, wife of the Illinois Congressman.

MRS. MINNIE PORTER DEAD.

Mrs. Minnie Porter, the woman who accompanied the late Colonel D. C. Houston, the Army officer, to the Everett House in the assumed character of his niece, is dead. At twenty minutes after 10 last night her struggle for Me ended. In the days that had passed since her removal to Bellevne Hospital, she had never recovered consciousness sufficient to give an account of herself, and the secret of her real connections with Colonel Houston must remain un-known. The woman died alone with no other watchers than the hospital attendants. None of her watchers that scalled to claim her body. The story supposed friends called to claim her body. The story that she carried considerable money and valuable lewelry is disproved by Warden O'Rourke, who has been been been body. Lettle no record of that kind on his property book. Until her relatives communicate with the hospital authorities it is impossible to say just what will be done

with the body. The hour of Colonel Houston was yesterday re-moved from St. Vincent's Hospital to an under-taker's establishment in Greenwich-ave. The funeral services will be held at 11 o'clock this morning in the home of Dr. Alexander Perry, No. 138 West Forty-fourth-st. The body of Colonel Houston was yesterday

ALLAN FORMAN EXPELLED FROM THE LOTOS. The directors of the Lotos Club have expelled Allan Forman from membership for conduct in the club-house unbecoming a gentleman. The actions com-plained of were such as to lead the board of management to use the most severe measures recognized by

was given in honor of Mr. Forman at the New-York Press Club, at which John A. Cockerill presided part of the time, and Joseph Howard, ir., the rest of the evening.

MEETINGS AND ENTERTAINMENTS. Licutenant Philip B. Low, on behalf of Alexander

Lieutenant Philip B. Low, on behalf of Alexander Hamilton Post, will present a handsome silk American flag to Graumar School No. 89. One-hundred-and-thirty-fourth-st. and Lenox-ave... on next Thursday morning. the annual reunion and dinner of the 2d Regiment The annual reunion and dinner of the 2d Regiment New-York State Militia (823 New-York Volunteers) will be held of Mount Morris Academy, No. 2,009 Third-ave., be held of Mount Morris academy, No. 2,009 Third-ave.

At the meeting of the District Committee and enrolled Republicans of the XIth Assembly District, at No. 13 West Twenty-seventh-st., next Tuesday evening, Floyd B.

Wilson will make the principal address.

The County Medical Society will meet at No. 17 West
Forty Saird-st. on Monday evening, when there will be a discussion upon several papers.

Dwight L. Elmendorf delivered a fine stereopticon lecture in the lecture-room of the Fourth Avenue Presbyterian Church last evening on "The City of London."

The Rev. Thomas Dixon, ir., will beture in Association Hall, in East Twenty-third-st., Sunday afternoon, May 21. His subject will be "The Reign of Ruin."

SERVED HIS SENTENCE AS A DYNAMITER.

JOSEPH M'KEVITT ARRIVED HERE YESTERDAY

ON THE GALLIA. A man with a bright-green handkerchief about his eck walked down the gangplank from the steamer Galifa yesterday afternoon and looked anxiously about He was greeted a few minutes later by T. St. John Gafney. The man with the green handkerchief was Joseph McKevitt, who was convicted May 1, 1851, of taking part in a conspiracy to blow up the Town Hall in Liverpool. He was sentenced up the Town Hall in Liverpool. He was sentenced to fitteen years' imprisonment, and by good behavior shortened his term by over three years. McKevitt is an Irishman, and took an active part in Irish politics. The most damaging evidence against him was the fact that he had in his possession a number of detonating caps. Mr. McKevitt has been in Chatham, Portland and Millbark prigns. He came Chatham, Portland and Millbank prisons. He came to this country to seek employment. No effort was made to prevent his landing by the immigration authorities. As he was imprisoned for a political offence, it would probably be ruled by the Immigration Commissioner that he was not a man who has been convicted of a crime involving "moral turpitude," and could not be debarred from coming to the United States.

Mr. McKevitt had no friends in this country. He only knew that he was to be met by Mr. Gaffney. He were the green handkerchief to attract Mr. Gaff-ney's attention. He said that he had seen Dr. Gallagher, the Greenpoint physician, in Portland Prison, employed in cleaning tinware, and that the doctor was almost insane. He said that Gilbert and Burton, two other alleged dynamiters, were in failing health He added that the English prisons were in a bad con-He added that the English prisons were in a bad condition, and that the conviets were scandily clothed and miserably fed. He has letters of introduction from Frederick J. Allen, president of the irish National Amnesty Association.

A meeting will be held in this city on June 6, at Cooper Union, for the purpose of areusing public sentiment in favor of amnesty for Irishmen serving terms of imprisonment for political offences.

ANOTHER OF DWIGGINS'S SCHEMES.

BONDS OF HIS INVESTMENT COMPANY HELD AS ASSETS BY HIS BANKS.

Indianapolis, May 19.-Another link in Zimri Dwiggins's remarkable financial chain has come to light. Aside from his Columbia National Bank, his chain of village banks in the Central States and his United States Loan and Trust Company of Oxford, Northwestern he organized a concern called the Farm and Investment Company, of Indianapolis, It has no office here, but it was incorporated and has for its president E. C. Atkins, a wealthy manufac-turer of this city. This company issued a number-none of the officers will say how many— of \$500 ten-year debenture bonds, paying 7 per cent interest and, quoting the language of the bond, "secured by lien on a contract for the sale of certain lands in North Dakota." The bonds, which are handsomely engraved and bear formidable looking seals, were distributed among the country banks in the "Dwigglus The other officers besides Atkins were J. M. Starbuck, general manager; W. H. Starbuck, secretary, and Pierre Gray, son of the Minister to Mexico, attorney. Both Atkins and Gray, the only resident officials

A CALIFORNIA BANK TO RESUME BULINESS San Jose, Cal., May 19,-At a meeting yesterday of the directors of the Bank of Santa Clara, which recently suspended, it was decided to resume business at an early day. A call for 10 per cent of the capital stock payable June 3 will be issued. This will give the directors ample funds to meet all claims.

A BANKER ARRESTED FOR EMBEZZLEMENT. Bloomington, Ill., May 19.-W. H. Schureman, pro-

Normal Exchange Bank, which suspended last Monday, has been taken to jail, charged with embezzlement. Friends offered to furnish ball, but he would not allow it.

EX-SECRETARY FAIRCHILD WILL SERVE.

INQUISITION COMMITTEE ORGANIZED.

The soul of Poindexter Dunn, the Arkansas statesnan who has been secured by Secretary Carlisle at \$10 a day and all expenses paid to engage in exposing the Republican administration of the New-York Custom House, experienced great delight yesterday. Ex-Secretary Fairchild has been induced at last to accept the onerous task of serving as a member of Secretary Carlisle's inquisitorial committee. Poin-dexter laughed gleefully when he heard the news. He can now get to work on the wicked Republicans, Mr. Fairchild wished it understood, however, that he accepted most reinctantly, and only on the promise of the Secretary and his colleagues that the proceedings of the inquisition are to be conducted in such a way as not to interfere with the ex-Secretary's private

The three members of the committee Mr. Fairchild, ex-Collector Daniel Magone, of Ogdensburg, and Poln dexter, got together yesterday afternoon and or-ganized. Mr. Fairchild was made head inquisitor, or chairman, and it was settled that the work of showing up the Republican management should begin on Tuesday next at 9 a. m. The investigation will take place in one of the rooms of the Custom House. Its place in one of the rooms of the Custom House. Its scope was discussed informally, and it was agreed that the inquiry should relate to the business methods of the Custom House, but should not extend beyond the Harrison Administration. The alleged "drygoods frauds" would also be looked into. Whether or hot Collector Hendricks should be summoned before the committee was a question seriously debated but not settled.

settled.

Mr. Magone left the city for Ogdensburg last evening. He will return in time for the meeting on Tuesday morning. Poindexter awaits the opening session with feverish expectancy.

THE HISSING OF MR. GLADSTONE.

A DISGRACE TO THE TORIES AND TO ENGLAND. From The Hartford Courant,

From The Hartford Courant.

Speaking and voting against Mr. Gladstone in Parliament are one thing; hooting and insulting him at a non-political function are another thing. When the Tories d, that they disgrace themselves and disgrace England. If they have no respect for the decencies of the occasion, nor yet for the great office and greater fame of the man who has incurred their displeasure, they should at least respect his white

MR. GLADSTONE NOT TO BE INJURED SO. From The Boston Globe.

No amount of Tory hisses can injure Gladstone of the cause of which he is the valiant defender. A FACTOR IN THE ADVANCE OF HOME RULE.

From The Brooklyn Eagle.

Mr. Gladstone is a philosopher. He may have been slightly irritated at the moment, but he will doubtless reflect that all these hisses are so much grist for his political mill. Many forces have been at work first and last to carry forward Home Rule. It may turn out that the buttality of the opposition has not been the least important factor in the advance. A BRUTALITY THAT ATTRACTS SYMPATHY.

A BRUTALITY THAT ATTRACTS

From The New-York World.

Mr. Gladstone can very well afford to bear with
a patient and magnanimous spirit such helpless
forms of brutality. They but render the more conspicuous his heroic struggle for a larger freedom to a
fallen country, and attract to his personality the
sympathy and attachment of millions who have
never looked upon his face.

HIS OPPONENTS SHOW THEIR WEAKNESS.

From the Palladelphia Record.

In betraying themselves into an exhibition of the mob spirit the opponents of Mr. Gladstone have also proclaimed as immistaliably the coming triumph of the Home Rule cause. It was a ruffinnly method of recognition, but none the less it will bring renowed confidence to every friend of Ireland. From The Philadelphia Record.

CHARGED WITH SELLING A BOGUS LICENSE. patrick Devine, a dealer in paper bags in White hall st., was arrested on Taursday and committed to Ludiow Street Juli by order of Judge Van Wyck, of the City Court, charged with having "buncoed" Dennis O'Neill out of \$200 by selling him a worthless excise license. The license was numbered 1,241, and had been issued by the Excise Board to Bernard McManus, of No. 302 Delanceyst. to run one year from June 15, 1802. After psying the \$200 to Devine, O'Neill, as allered in his complaint, discovered that the license had been suspended by the board and was void. Devine spent Tantsday night in juil, but was released yesterday on giving \$275 ball.

GREAT DECLINE IN EXPORTS. THE TREASURY'S STATEMENT OF FOREIGN

COMMERCE.

CONTINUED FALLING-OFF IN THE AMOUNT OF GOODS SENT ABROAD-THE TARIFF NOT TO BLAME.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE TRIBUNE.]

Washington, May 19 .- The monthly statement of foreign commerce for the month of April (corrected to May 15), which has just been issued by the Treasury Department, contains a number of important facts, which will be likely to arrest general atfinancial condition and prospects of the country. The heavy decline in exports of merchandise, which began in December, 1892, has continued. In April, 1893, the total value of exports of merchandise amounted to \$60,612,680, which was less than the total of any corresponding month since 1889, in which year it amounted to \$58,787,452. The total of the exports of merchandise for the four months ended April 30, 1893-8254,734,904-was less than for any corresponding period since 1888, in which year is amounted to \$219,329,627. The totals for the cor responding periods of the intervening years were as follows: In 1889, \$261,250,302; 1890, \$281,838,211 1801, \$323,727,310; 1802, \$344,561,137, In April,

1890, the total exports of merchandise amounted to \$63,523,315; in April, 1891, to \$70,906,976, and in

April, 1892, to \$75,954,962. The total for the year

ended April 30, 1893, amounted to \$848,594,427; for 1892, during which year exports were phenomenally

heavy, the total was \$1.011,343,173; for 1891 it was \$879,391,947; for 1890 it was \$847,094,256; for

1889, \$733,681,735; for 1888, \$695,434,727. The total value of the imports of merchandise fo April, 1893, amounted to \$84,991,002, which exeded that of any other April during the last six years. In April, 1888, the total amounted to \$60, 805,282; in April, 1889, it amounted to \$65,555, 529; in 1800 to \$71,902,140; in 1891 to \$81,275,106 in 1892 it fell to \$76,341,449. During the four months ended April 20, 1893, the total imports period of last year, when they amounted to \$291, 014,802. For the corresponding periods of other years the totals were as follows: 1801, \$287,180,174 1810, 8265,554,420; 1889, \$262,395,045; 1888, \$249, 215,883. The total value of imports of merchandis 210,885. The total value of imports of merchandise during the year ended April 30, 1853, amounted to \$926,151,985, or about \$94,000,000 more than for the preceding year, when it was \$852,145,571. For other years the totals were as follows: 1831, \$845. 033,330; 1890, \$773,681,490; 1889, \$738,590,533

The imports during the month of April exceeded the experts by \$24,378,412, and the imports during the last four months exceeded the exports by \$86,

of the imports exceeded that of the exports in a year ended April 30, and that it so happened this year is wholly due to the falling off in exports during the last four months, which amounted to more than \$56,000,000, whereas the adverse balance for the entire year amounted to less than \$-0,000,000. In three of the last six years the exports of merchandise have exceeded the imports, as follows: 1890, 874, 012,766; 1891, \$34,358,617; 1892, \$179,197,002 total, \$287,568,985. In three of the last six years the imports have exceeded the exports, as follows 1888, \$25,017,714; 1889, \$4,008,808; 1893, \$79. 557,561; t.tal, \$100,484,083. The total net excess of exports of merchandise over imports during the last six years therefore has amounted to \$178.

The percentages of free and dutiable imports of mer the percentages of the had April 30, 1853, were as todows: Free, 55.58, dutiable, 44.62. For last year the percentages were Free, 54.94; dutiable, 45.06. The total imports of dutiable merchandise during the year ended April 30, 1803, amounted to \$113,612,976 which was an increase of \$38,505,230 over the preceding year. The total volume of foreign trade in middle of the Fifth-ave, front. It will be supported merchandise during the year ended April 30, 1880, by handsome New-Hampshire granite columns, with

metchandise during the year ended April 39, 1889, amounted to \$1,774,746,415, being an increase in four years of more than \$302,080,080.

Whatever may have been the causes of the heavy decrease of exports during the last four menths, they hardsome xery through the country of the country of policy and prevent imports. The foregoing dates and figures chearly prove the contrary. The exports of gold during the month of April amounted to \$18,48,064, being in excess of those of any other month since May, 1887, except the month of May, 1891, when the total exports of gold reached \$80,589,700, 170, 181,181, the total exports of gold amounted to \$14,163,116. The total export during the last four months amounted to \$14,163,116. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports for gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months. The total exports of gold during the last four months of the prevent amounted to \$15,614,762, of which \$20,565,425, or a little more than \$20,544,762, as compared with \$449,106,825 during the year ended April 30, 1892. The excess of exports over imports last year amounted to \$2,044,762, and the more than \$2,044,762, and the prevention and the supports of exports and the prevention and of the year. The imports during this year amounted to \$19,544,27, as compared with \$49,100,823 during the year ended April 30, 1842. The excess of exports over imports last year amounted to \$26,504,639; during the year ended April 30, 1853, the excess of exports over imports amounted to \$20,407,699. During the months of August, september, October, November, December and January of the year ended April 30, 1892, the imports of gold exceeded the exports; during the year ended April 30, 1893, the only months in which the imports exceeded the expoits were October and November.

Furing the year ended April 1, 1893, the exports of silver amounted to \$28,990,757, and the imports to \$20,455,244; during the year ended April 30, 1892, the exports amounted to \$20,775,573, and the imports to \$18,501,747. The exports and imports for one month and four months in 1892 and 1893 respectively were as follows:

THE LEGALITY OF DEALING IN OPTIONS. JUSTICE JACKSON'S OPINION IN A SUIT FOR RECOVERY OF COMMISSIONS. Washington, May 19.-Few of the numerous de

cisions announced by the Supreme Court of the United states on Monday last, at the close of the term, were accompanied by full opinions disclosing the important points decided. Due significant case, bearing pointedly upon the question of the legality of dealings in options, has just been made public The case was that of B. S. Bibb, plaintiff in error, agt. Richard H. Allen & Co., on appeal from the Middle District of Alabama. The defendants in error, citizens of New-York and Tennessee, and doing business in the city of New-York as brokers, com-mission merchants and cotton factors, sought to re-cover \$20,000 as commissions for services rendered and money advanced on sales of cotton for future delivery, according to the rules and regulations of the New-York Cotton Exchange. One of the pleas entered by the defendants was that the work per ormed by the plaintiffs was the making of eleven wagers on the price of cotton, and that the money paid by the plaintiffs was in the settlement of the losses of those wagers, and the statute of the State of New-York against wagers, bets and gambling transactions was set out. On this point Justice Jackson, who delivered the opinion of the court, said

"Upon the assignment of error, which presents the question whether the transactions in which the parties vere engaged were Illegal, because the are wage ing contracts under the New-York it against wagers, bets, etc., the evidence in the case charly fails to make out such a defence. In entering into their arrangement, it is shown that there was no agreement or understanding between the plaintiffs and defendants that the cotton sold for future delivery was not, in fact, to be actually delivered. It is not questioned that, if the transactions in which the partie are engaged are illegal, the agent cannot recover either commissions for services rendered therein, or for advances and dishur-sements by him for his prin cipal; the reason for this rule being that in such illegal transactions of which the agent has knowledge he is regarded as particeps criminis, which precludes him from the recovery of either commissions or advances.

actions in question within the operation of that principal, for the evidence set out in the bill of exception cipal, for the evidence set out in the bill of exceptions fails to show that either party to the transactions intended the same as wagering or gambling speculiations. In addition to this, it is shown that the rules and regulations of the New-York Cotton Exchange recognized no contracts except for the sale and purchase of cotton to be actually delivered. These rules and regulations impose upon the selfer the obligation to deliver the cotton sold, and upon the purchaser the obligation to receive it, except in certain specified cases which have no application to the present case. Consequently the court overruled this and all the other assignments in error, and affirmed the decision in favor of the plaintiffs.

Washington, May 19.—According to information re-ceived here, the revolution in Nicaragua has taken an brexpected turn. Unofficial advices have been re-ceived at the State Department that an agreement for an armistice has been reached by the Government and the revolutionary factions. No further information than this is obtainable at the department. The source of the news is concealed, beyond the fact it.

The famous "Limited" trains of the New-York Cended not come direct to Secretary Gresham from trail are unsurpassed for speed, comfort or safety. . .

Nicaragua. Evidently, however, the source is entitled to credit, as the news is accepted as authentic at the department. The absence of direct advices from Nicaragua is regarded as almost inexplicable. It is expected that the cruiser Atlanta will reach Greytown in a day or two, and the Alliance will probably be a few days later in reaching the west coast of Nicaragua, where most of the fighting has taken place.

CONDITION OF NEW-YORK CITY BANKS. Washington, May 19,-The abstract of the reports made to the Controller of the Currency of the condition of National banks in New-York City on May 4 shows among the items of resources the following:

among the items of resources the following:

Loans and discounts, \$307,080,231; steck securities, etc., \$22,813,211; due from other National banks, \$30,571,378; ferriture and fixtures, \$11,305,822; exchanges for Clearing House, \$74,301,726; gold and gold certificates, \$67,553,655.

Among the items of liabilities are: Capital stock paid in, \$49,810,000; surplus fund, \$11,272,830; undivided profits, \$15,675,229; individual deposits, \$236,985,300; due to other National banks, \$11,4634,512; due to State banks, \$55,849,193. The reserve field is stated at \$28,52 per cent.

A FEW MORE APPOINTMENTS MADE. Washington, May 19.-The President to-day made

the fellowing appointments

the fellowing appointments;

Kerr Craige, of North Carolina, to be third assistant postmaster-general in place of A. D. Hazen, of Pennsylvania, resigned.

John G. Brown, of Idaho, to be register of the land office at Blackfoot, Idaho,

George R. Young, of New Mexico, to be register of the land office at Ruswell, N. M.

John W. John and T. Barrier, and the second of public moneys at Blackfoot, Idaho,

William H. Cosgrove, of New Mexico, to be receiver of public moneys at Ruswell, N. M.

The number of fourth-class postmasters appointed to-day was 117, of which ninety were to fill vacancies caused by resignations and deaths.

ANOTHER BUSINESS HOUSE IN FIFTH-AVE.

IT WILL OCCUPY THE OLD SITE OF THE LOTOS CLUB.

No surer sign of the fact that lower Fifth-ave, I being gradually transformed into a business street is afforded than in the rapid increase of large business buildings in the avenue below Twenty-third-st. The amounted to \$340,068,222, being an increase of nearly newest building in contemplation is to be erected on \$42,000,000 as compared with the corresponding the site of the old Lotos Club, at the northeast corner period of last year, when they amounted to \$201. of Fifth-ave, and Twenty-firs st. The bull ing, which is to be strictly fireproof, is to be built on ground leased from the Bradish Johnson estate, and is to cost between \$150,000 and \$200,000. The site is

> The building is to be of gray polished New-Hampshire granite, Warsaw bluestone, brick and terra cotta. There will be a large arched entrance in the



THE NEW COLLAMORE BUILDING

middle of the Fifth-ave, front. It will be supported

HE TRIED TO SWINDLE MERCHANTS.

MAJOR RYAN" SAID HE WAS AN OFFICER ON THE PHILADELPHIA.

An attempt to swindle two downtown merchants wa An attempt to swindle two downsows may booking made on Thursday afternoon by a military looking man, who is either a crook or a "crank." On Thursday afternoon, "Major P. H. Ryan," as he called himself, appeared at the office of J. S. Van Houten, No. 18 College Place. He represented himself as an offi-cer aboard the flagship Philadelphia, and gave a large nder for glassware for the vessel, to be delivered at Pier No. 1. He gave a number of reasons why the warship needed glassware valued at \$3,000.

On the strength of the large order he unsucces fully attempted to borrow a sum of money. On in

quiry at ther No. 1 Mr. Van Houten found that the order was bogns.

A. G. Berry, the wholesale butcher, of No. 59 Barchay-st., who lives at No. 109 East Forty-lifth-st., also received a large order from "Mayor Ryan." He ordered 2,300 pounds of meat to be delivered at Fier No. 1, for the Revenue Cutter Bronx. Berry sent down to Fier No. 1, where he learned that the Brenx had been burned some years ago. "Ryan" gave as a reference Erastus Wiman.

It is thought that "Ryan" is the same man who several years ago caused large orders to be sent to various public institutions of the city.

OBITUARY.

HELON R. CONE. Helon R. Cone, an importer of fereign fruit at No. 16 Fulton-st., New-York, died on Thursday at his home, No. 92 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn. He was seventy-eight years old, a native of New-England, and had lived in Brooklyn for forty years. Mr. Cone was a trustee and active member of the Universalist Church of Our Father. He left one son and four daughters. The funeral will take place this after-

CONSUL FREDERICK C. SCHEUCH.

Lafavette, Ind., May 19.-Frederick C. Scheuch, formerly Consul at Barcelona, Spain, tertaining in Hayes's Administration, died here this morning, aged fifty-three years.

CAMPBELL MAY KEEP HIS RESTAURANT.

Controller Myers gave bis decision yesterday in avor of the defendant in the application of Charles E. Meier, who asked that the restaurant privilege of Thomas Campbell, brother of Congressman Timothy J. Campbell, in the new West Washington Market, be transferred to the petitioner. Meier based his claim on an alleged bill of sale to him of the market privilege for \$11,000-\$3,000 cash and \$8,000 in a racing as for \$11,000 - \$0.000 cm and \$11,000 cm and \$11,000

WAITERS DETERMINED TO HAVE MUSTACHES

"The New-York Walters' Civil Rights Association" the name of a new organization formed yesterday at a meeting of walters held at No. 66 Beaver-st. The members of this organization are preparing a petition, addressed to the hotel and restaurant propetition, addressed to the hotel and restaurant pro-prietors, praying for "emancipation from the ban now existing against mustaches," It is proposed to secure the signatures of the patrons of restaurants. The men expressed a desire vesterday that Governor Flower and President Cleveland should help them by signing the petition. II. Schmidt was elected presi-dent and D. Wetch secretary of the association.

THE NIGHT WATCHWAY STOLE FURS.

Henry Siede & Co., furriers, No. 14 West Fourteenth st., were complainants in the Jefferson Market Police Court yesterday against Peter Major, him with larceny of a fur boa valued at \$300. him with larceny of a fur boa valued at \$500. Detectives Alasele and Tomasso, of the Central Office, found the boa in a pawnshop and arrestet Major on Thursday night. Major confessed his guilt and was held for examination. Siede & Co. say that Major has stolen furs valued at \$4,000 in the last year. He would take the furs, it is alleged, at night when he was supposed to be on duty.

FIRE IN A CARRIAGE WAREHOUSE.

DAMAGE IN BREWSTER & CO.'S ESTABLISHMENT

IN FIFTH-AVE. Fire broke out at 11:50 o'clock last night on the top floor of the six-stery granite building, Nos. 487 and 489 Fifth-ave. The three lower floors of the building were occupied by J. B. Brewster & Co., carriage builders, as salescoms and warehouse. A number of architects occupied offices on the fourth and fifth floors, and the upper floor was used by the janitor of the building. The fire was caused by an over-heated stove in the apartments of the janitor. Three slarms were sent in, and the flames were confined to the upper floor, the principal damage being caused by water. The stock of Erewster & Co., which is valued at about \$150,000, was damaged to the extent of \$5,000, and the losses of the other eccupants of the building will swell the total to about \$12,000.

GAY OFFICERS OF THE FRENCH CRUISEES.

Hundreds of people took advantage of the oppor-tunity afforded by the beautiful weather of yesterday to visit the warships still remaining in the North River. It has been decided by the Russian Admiral to take his ships to Philadelphia on Tuesday. The officers of the Freech cruisers, which will sail on Menday and Tuesday, are having a gay time. Last evening they were entertained at a reception by Mrs. E. L. Stanley, at her home, No. 56 West Ninety-severathest. This afternoon a reception will be given aboard the Arethuse, and to-night the officers will dine with Mrs. Richard Croker. Admiral Magnaght, of the Italian squadron, will, with his staff, visit the island institutions of the city to-day.

A gallant rescue, which occurred is the early part of the week at the man of-war landing, at Eighty-third-st., should not go unrecorded. A young son of William Plumb, of No. 473 Amsterdam-ave., fell from the pier and the rapidly runting tide swept him down the river. As he sank the second time Edward Barry, of No. 501 Hudson-st., sprang into the river, and after of No. 301 Russinst., sphale in reaching the boy. He became so exhausted that he in turn had to be rescued. The Life Saving Benevolent Association is investigating the case, and will doubtless bestow a medal on Barry.

An Aggravating Sere Threat is soon relieved by Dr. D. Jayne's Expectorant, an old-time remedy for Brenchial and Polmonary affections.

The bet floor covering for dwellings, dining rooms, halls and large buildings is "WILD'S LINOLEUM." It is printed in beautiful dulens and fine colors. Ask your carriet dealer for it. See that it is printed on the back "WILD'S LINOLEUM."

Provide against the risks of going to the Chicago Exhibition by taking out a rolley in the Inter-State a unity Company, 02 William-st.

CORNELL-KEYSER-On Wednesday, May Lith, 1808, at Christ Church, Ridgewood, N. J., by the Revieurge Clark Cox. Anna Anelia, daughter of Challes M. Keyser, to William Duryee Cornell, jr., of Brooklyn. GULER-DALEY-On Tuesday evening, May 10th, 1893, at her home on Staten Island, by the Rev. Dr. John C. Eccleston, Pess'e, daughter of George H. Daley, e64, to James Guiler, fr., of Boston, Mass.

HALNTED-WRIGHT-At Riverside, Cal., May 11th, 1803, at the residence of the bride's biother, by the Rev. Milton C. Botten, Arthur Hilton Haisted, of Riverside, N. Y., to Euphemia Wright, of Riverside, California.

Notices of marriages n.ust be indorsed with full

BLOODGOOD-Thursdif, May 18th, 1803, Amanda Blood-good, aged 65 years, of Rahway, N. J. Funeral services at the house of her Pother-in-law, T. S. Ha ris, 84 North 9th-st., Newark, N. J., Monday, May 12d, 1803, at 10 a.m. Interment at Metuchen, N. J., same day, at the arrival of the Pennsylvania Railroad train, 1:11 p. m., at that place. ARPENTER-White Plains, N. Y., May 19th, Helen,

daughter of J. Henry and Fannie 6 years and 8 months. 6 years and 9, Charity Coke'et. Notice of funeral hereafter. OLLINS-In Harffo d, May 19th, William Erastua, Collins, aged 13 years, Faneral from his late residence in Hartford Monday afterneon, 2 o'clock.

Funeral from his late restores in fractions, 2 o'clock.
CONF-On Thursday morning, May 18th, Heion R. Cons, in the 78th year of his age.
Funeral services at his late residence, 02 Fort Greene Place, Brooklyn, on Saturday, the 20th, at 4:30 p. m.
DOUW-On Friday, May 19th, 1893, Maris Louis Lanman, daughter of Hon. Charles J. Lannan, of Norwich, Conn., and wife of J. de Peyster Douw, of Poughkepeyse, N. Y. Funeral from her late residence on Monday morning at 11:15 o'clock.
Norwich and Albany papers please copy.
FULTON-Elizabeth Petrina, daughter of Elizabeth Sand Robert Fulton, aged 4.
Funeral private.
HOUSTON-In this city, Thursday, May 18th, David G. Houston, Colonel Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army, in his 58th Vist.

Houston, Colonel Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army his 38th year. Functal will be held from residence of Dr. Alexa Perry, No. 128 West 44th-st., on Saturday morning 11 o'clock. Interment at Mid'letown, N. Y. HUNTINGTON Suddenly, at Oakland Plantation, Ar. as-

sas, May I., Robert P. Humany and P. Humany and S. Louisville and New-Orleans papers please copy.

HUTCHINS—Brooklyn, N. Y., on Thuriday, May 18, 1803, at 545 p. m. Elizabeth Beecher, daughter of Dr. Alexander and May Pelton Hutchias.

Findral service at her late residence, 796 DeKaib-ave., Sunday, May 21, at 4430 p. m. Internect at Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Rindiv omit fewers.

HITCHELL—Thursday, May 18th, Mrs. Lucy W. Mitchell. 180 years.

Funeral from her late residence, 277 Reid-ave., Brooklya. N. Y. Saturday, at 8 p. m. Internect in Shriley, Mays.

Poston papers please copy.

SAMPSON—At his residence, No. 2 West 51st-st., ca. Thursday, May 18th, of pneumonia, E. Pope Sampson, in the 50th year of his age.

Funeral services at his late residence Saturlay, May 20th, at 2200 p. m.

Suneral services at his i at 2:20 p. m. interment at Pittsfield.

Interment at Pritsheft.

WILLETTS-At Reservice, N. J., on the 19th inst.
Josephine Hewiett, eldest daughter of Charlette B. and
the late George P. Willetts, formerly of Brooklyn, N. Y.,
in the 21st year of her age.
Notice of funeral hereafter. Notice of funeral hereafter.
WILLIAMS-In Brooklyn on Thurstay, May 18th, of pneumonin, Eliza C., wife of Charles F. Williams, agod 70 years.
Funeral from her late residence, 31 Lincoln Place, Saturday, May 20th, at 11 a. m.
Interment at the convenience of the family at Arlington, N. J.

Special Notices.

Bangs & Co., 789 AND 741 BROADWAY,

BOOKS in English and French Literature, including THE LIBRARY OF ROBERT HOE LAWRENCE

And compaising many Hiustrated Works and a collection of Engravings, Etchings, Wa'er-Color and other Drawings, To be sold at auction

Monday, May 22, and following days at 3 p. m.
And on

Thursday and Friday Afternoons at 3 o'clock.
A miscellaneous Collection of Books.

Established 1878.

MRS. McELRATH'S ROME-MADE PRESERVED PRANDIES, CANNED AND SPICED FRUITS AND JELLIES.

PURE RED CURRANT JELLY A SPECIALTY.

Everything put up in glass and kept until fail. For prices, reference, S.c., address Mrs. SARAH S. McELRATH, 293 Degraw-st., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Owing to a possible litigation of the estate of Heary Ten Procek Gamage, esq., the ale of pictures, engrav-lings and personal effects will be postpared until the fall-lings and personal effects will be postpared until the fall-Lings and personal effects will be postpared until the fall-

A high tenor desires a position in a Protestant church choir. Address B., Box 107, Newtown, Long Island, N. Y.

sign mails will close (promptly in all cases) at this

Postoffice Notice.

Foreign mails will close (promptly in all cases) at this office as follows:

SATURDAY—At 4:30 a. m. for France, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portogsi and Turkey, per a. s. Lachandagene, via Havre; at 5:33 a. m. for Ireland, per a. s. Lachandagene, via Havre; at 5:33 a. m. for Ireland, per a. s. Aurania, via Queenstown (letters for other parts of Europe must be directed "per Aurania"); at 5:30 a. m. for m. for Europe, per s. s. New-York, via Southampton, eletters for Ireland, Germany, France, Switzerland, Havy, Spain, Portugal and Turkey must be directed "per New-York"); at 5:30 a. m. for Germany direce, per s. s. Saale, via Hremen (letters for other parts of Europe, via Southampton and Bremen must be directed "per Saale"); at 6 a. m. for Netherlands direct, per s. s. Didam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Budam"); at 7 a. m. for Netherland direct, per s. s. Anchora, via Glasgow (letters must be directed "per Anchoria"); at 7 a. m. for Netherlands directed "per Werkendam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Werkendam, via Rotterdam (letters must be directed "per Werkendam,"); at 10 a. m. (supplementary 10:30 a. m. for Windward Islands direct per s. s. Caribbe (letters for Genada, Frinidad and Tobago must be directed "per Colombia, via Goin (letters for Genada must be directed "per Colombia, via Goin (letters for Genadamia must be directed "per Colombia, via Goin (letters for Genadamia must be directed "per Colombia, via Goin (letters for Genadamia must be directed "per S. C. Conda (letters must be directed "per C. Conda"); at 11 a. m. for Mexico, per s. s. C. Conda (letters must be directed "per C. Conda"); at 11 a. m. for States, via Vera Cruz must be direct, and other Mexican States, via Vera Cruz must be direct, and other Mexican States, via Vera Cruz must be direct, and other Mexican States, via Vera Cruz must be directed "per Chy of Washington"); at 1 p. m. (supplementary 1:30 p. m. for Puxillo, per s. s. Iovver, Irany New-Orleans; at 8:30 p. m. for Fuxillo, per s. s.

6.30 p. m. Mails for Australja, New-Zealand, Hawalian, Fiji and Samoun islands, close-fire dulig up to May ".0th at 6.20 p. m. (or on arrival at New-York of s. s. Etruris with British mails for Australia. Kails for the Hawalian islands, per s. s. Australia (from San Francisco), close here delig up to June "lat at 6.30 p. m. "Registered man closes at 6 p. m. previous day." CONVELIUS VAN CUTY, Postmaster.